Company no: 43526-P (Incorporated in Malaysia)

BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

Company no: 43526-P (Incorporated in Malaysia)

# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The capital adequacy ratios of Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad ("HLIBB" or "the Bank") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") are computed in accordance with the Bank Negara Malaysia's ("BNM") revised Risk-Weighted Capital Adequacy Framework ("RWCAF") - Basel II effective from 1 January 2008.

The Group places great importance to Basel II and view Basel II as a group-wide initiative that will ensure that the Group continues to meet international best practices for the credit, market and operational risk management practices. By adopting Basel II, the Group will be able to enhance and embed sound risk management practices within the Group and be equipped with the right risk management discipline, practices, processes and systems.

The following information concerning the Group's risk exposures, risk management practices and capital adequacy is disclosed as accompanying information to the annual report and does not form part of the audited accounts.

#### 2. SCOPE OF APPLICATION

The capital adequacy ratios of the Group consist of capital base and risk-weighted assets derived from consolidated balances of the Bank and its subsidiary companies.

The capital adequacy ratios of the Bank and the Group are computed in accordance with BNM's revised RWCAF - Basel II. The Bank and the Group have adopted the Standardised Approach for Credit Risk and Market Risk, and the Basic Indicator Approach for Operational Risk.

The Group's capital requirements are generally based on the principles of consolidation adopted in the preparation of its annual financial statements, as discussed in Note 2A to the Financial Statements for financial year ended 30 June 2014, and differs from that used for regulatory capital purposes.

During the course of the year, the Bank and its subsidiaries did not experience any restrictions or other major impediments on transfer of funds or regulatory capital within the Group.

#### 3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY

The Group monitors the capital adequacy position of the Bank and its subsidiaries to ensure compliance with requirements of BNM and to take prompt actions to address projected capital deficiency. The capital position is reviewed on a monthly basis by undertaking stress tests and taking into account the levels and trend of material risks. The sufficiency of capital is assessed against the various risks in the balance sheet as well as future capital requirements based on the Group's expansion plans.

The Group has also formalised an overall capital management framework, which seeks to ensure that there is an adequate balance between Tier I and Tier II capital. The Group is also following very closely the global developments on capital management.

The following table sets forth details on the capital resources, capital adequacy ratios and risk-weighted assets for the Group and the Bank as at 30 June 2014. BNM's revised RWCAF - Basel II sets out the minimum capital adequacy ratios for the banking institutions and the methodology for calculating these ratios. As at 30 June 2014, the Group's and the Bank's Tier I and the total capital adequacy ratios were higher than BNM's minimum requirements.

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# 3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

(a) The capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are analysed as follows:

## 30 June 2014 - Basel III

The capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are as follows:

	The Group	The Bank
Before deducting proposed dividends:		
Common equity tier 1 ("CET1") ratio	20.128%	20.108%
Tier I capital ratio	20.128%	20.108%
Total capital ratio	20.296%	20.259%
After deducting proposed dividends:		
CET I capital ratio	16.422%	16.401%
Tier I capital ratio	16.422%	16.401%
Total capital ratio	16.590%	16.552%

The components of CET1, Tier 1 and total capital of the Bank are as follows:

	The Group	The Bank
	RM'000	RM'000
CET1 capital		
Paid-up ordinary share capital	165,000	165,000
Share premium	87,950	87,950
Other reserves	219,033	218,692
	471,983	471,642
Regulatory adjustments:		
- Goodwill and intangible assets	(29,978)	(29,978)
- Deferred tax assets	(103,671)	(103,671)
- Other regulatory adjusments	-	(77)
Total CET1 capital	338,334	337,916
Tier 1 capital	338,334	337,916
Tier-2 capital		
Redeemable preference shares ("RPS")	1,631	1,631
Collective assessment allowance		
for losses on loans and advances (1)	1,204	1,204
Regulatory adjustments:		
- Investment in subsidiaries	-	(306)
Total Tier 2 capital	2,835	2,529
-		
Total capital	341,169	340,445

#### Note:

(1) Excludes collective assessment allowance attributable to loans and advances classified as impaired.

Breakdown of risk-weighted assets in the various risk weights:

	The Group The Bank RM'000 RM'000	
Credit risk	896,229	896,087
Market risk	571,557	571,557
Operational risk	213,166	212,853
	1,680,952	1,680,497

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## BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 30 June 2013 - Basel III

The capital adequacy ratios of the Group and the Bank are as follows:

	The Group	The Bank
Before deducting proposed dividends:		
Common equity tier 1 ("CET1") ratio	33.200%	33.194%
Tier I capital ratio	33.200%	33.194%
Total capital ratio	33.455%	33.288%
After deducting proposed dividends:		
CET I capital ratio	30.108%	30.099%
Tier I capital ratio	30.108%	30.099%
Total capital ratio	30.363%	30.193%

The components of CET1, Tier 1 and total capital of the Bank are as follows:

	The Group RM'000	The Bank RM'000
CET1 capital		
Paid-up ordinary share capital	165,000	165,000
Share premium	87,950	87,950
Other reserves	139,176	138,810
	392,126	391,760
Regulatory adjustments:		
- Goodwill and intangible assets	(28,986)	(28,986)
- Deferred tax assets	(61,978)	(61,978)
- Other regulatory adjusments	(525)	(525)
Total CET1 capital	300,637	300,271
Tier 1 capital	300,637	300,271
Tier-2 capital		
Redeemable preference shares ("RPS")	1,631	1,631
Collective assessment allowance		
for losses on loans and advances (1)	678	678
Regulatory adjustments:		
- Investment in subsidiaries	-	(1,455)
Total Tier 2 capital	2,309	854
Total capital	302,946	301,125

## Note:

(1) Excludes collective assessment allowance attributable to loans and advances classified as impaired.

Breakdown of risk-weighted assets in the various risk weights:

	The Group RM'000	The Bank RM'000
Credit risk	465,326	464,961
Market risk	321,448	321,448
Operational risk	118,761	118,189
	905,535	904,598

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets ("RWA") by exposure is as follows:

The Group 30 June 2014 Exposure Class		Gross Exposures RM'000	Net Exposures RM'000	Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000	Capital Requirements RM'000
(i) <u>Credit Risk</u>					
On-Balance Sheet Exposure	es:				
Sovereigns & Central Banks		628,630	628,630	-	-
Public Sector Entities		7	7	1	-
Banks, Development Financia					
Institutions ("DFI") & Multi					
Development Banks ("MDB	•	1,233,617	1,233,617	327,532	26,203
Insurance Companies, Securit	ies Firms				
& Fund Managers		- 007 <i>5</i> 1 <i>1</i>	- 504 120	- 217 592	- 25 407
Corporates Residential Mortgages		887,514 1,258	596,130 1,258	317,583 1,258	25,407 101
Other Assets		335,838	335,838	50,435	4,035
Equity Exposures		245	245	245	20
Total On-Balance Sheet Expo	sures	3,087,109	2,795,725	697,054	55,766
Total on Zalance Sheet Zinpo	_	2,007,205	_,.,.,.	021,001	22,: 00
Off-Balance Sheet Exposure	es:				
Credit-related Off-Balance Sh		192,639	192,639	176,139	14,091
Derivative Financial Instrume	ents	92,620	92,620	23,036	1,843
Total Off-Balance Sheet Expo	osures	285,259	285,259	199,175	15,934
Total On and Off-Balance Sh	eet Exposures	3,372,368	3,080,984	896,229	71,700
(ii) Large Exposure Risk Require	ment	-	-	-	-
(iii) Market Risk	Long Position S	Short Position			
Interest Rate Risk	5,337,113	4,462,345		262,369	20,989
Equity Risk	8,360	-		16,725	1,338
Foreign Exchange Risk	16,430	16,276		16,000	1,280
Options Risk	195,414	-		276,475	22,118
	5,557,317	4,478,621		571,570	45,725
(iv) Operational Risk				213,166	17,053
Total RWA and Capital Requ	irements		-	1,680,965	134,478

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets ("RWA") by exposure is as follows (continued):

The Group 30 June 2013 Exposure Class		Gross Exposures RM'000	Net Exposures RM'000	Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000	Capital Requirements RM'000
(i) <u>Credit Risk</u>					
On-Balance Sheet Exposure	es:				
Sovereigns & Central Banks		635,090	635,090	-	-
<b>Public Sector Entities</b>		5	5	1	-
Banks, DFI & MDBs		808,976	808,976	208,678	16,694
Insurance Companies, Securi	ties Firms				
& Fund Managers		-	-	-	-
Corporates		432,463	293,414	157,240	12,579
Residential Mortgages		2,296	2,296	2,296	184
Other Assets		167,142	167,142	19,953	1,596
Equity Exposures		686	686	686	55
Total On-Balance Sheet Expo	osures	2,046,658	1,907,609	388,854	31,108
Off-Balance Sheet Exposur Credit-related Off-Balance Sl Derivative Financial Instrume Total Off-Balance Sheet Exp	neet Exposures ents	50,785 105,252 156,037	50,785 105,252 156,037	50,785 25,687 76,472	4,063 2,055 6,118
Total On and Off-Balance Sh	eet Exposures	2,202,695	2,063,646	465,326	37,226
(ii) Large Exposure Risk Require	ement	-	-	-	-
(iii) Market Risk	Long Position	<b>Short Position</b>			
Interest Rate Risk	5,605,702	4,959,634		236,772	18,942
Equity Risk	15,345	-		42,200	3,376
Foreign Exchange Risk	1,443	13,585		13,588	1,087
Options Risk	17,018	_		28,888	2,311
	5,639,508	4,973,219	_	321,448	25,716
(iv) Operational Risk				118,761	9,501
Total RWA and Capital Requ	irements		-	905,535	72,443

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets ("RWA") by exposure is as follows (continued):

The Bank 30 June 2014 Exposure Class	Gross Exposures RM'000	Net Exposures RM'000	Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000	Capital Requirements RM'000
(i) <u>Credit Risk</u>				
On-Balance Sheet Exposures:				
Sovereigns & Central Banks	628,630	628,630	-	-
Public Sector Entities	-	-	-	-
Banks, DFI & MDBs	1,232,915	1,232,915	327,392	26,191
Insurance Companies, Securities Firms				
& Fund Managers	-	-	-	-
Corporates	887,514	596,130	317,582	25,407
Residential Mortgages	1,258	1,258	1,258	101
Other Assets	335,838	335,838	50,435	4,035
Equity Exposures	245	245	245	20
Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures	3,086,400	2,795,016	696,912	55,754
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures:				
Credit-related Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	192,639	192,639	176,139	14,091
Derivative Financial Instruments	92,620	92,620	23,036	1,843
Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	285,259	285,259	199,175	15,934
Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	3,371,659	3,080,275	896,087	71,688
(ii) Large Evnosure Pick Requirement				

## (ii) Large Exposure Risk Requirement

(iii) Market Risk
Interest Rate Risk
Equity Risk
Foreign Exchange Risk
Options Risk

5,557,317	4,478,621	571,557	45,724
195,414	-	276,463	22,117
16,430	16,276	16,000	1,280
8,360	-	16,725	1,338
5,337,113	4,462,345	262,369	20,989
Long Position	<b>Short Position</b>		

(iv) Operational Risk	212,853	17,028
Total RWA and Capital Requirements	1,680,497	134,440

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 3. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND ADEQUACY (CONTINUED)

(b) The breakdown of risk-weighted assets ("RWA") by exposure is as follows (continued):

The Bank 30 June 2013 Exposure Class		Gross Exposures RM'000	Net Exposures RM'000	Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000	Capital Requirements RM'000
(i) <u>Credit Risk</u>					
On-Balance Sheet Exposure	es:				
Sovereigns & Central Banks		635,090	635,090	-	-
<b>Public Sector Entities</b>		-	-	-	-
Banks, DFI & MDBs		807,139	807,139	208,311	16,665
Insurance Companies, Securi	ties Firms				
& Fund Managers		-	-	-	-
Corporates		432,463	293,414	157,240	12,579
Residential mortgages		2,296	2,296	2,296	184
Other Assets		167,145	167,145	19,956	1,596
Equity Exposures	_	686	686	686	55
Total On-Balance Sheet Expo	osures _	2,044,819	1,905,770	388,489	31,079
Off-Balance Sheet Exposur Credit-related Off-Balance Sh		50,785	50,785	50,785	4,063
Derivative Financial Instrume	-	105,252	105,252	25,687	2,055
Total Off-Balance Sheet Exp	osures	156,037	156,037	76,472	6,118
Total On and Off-Balance Sh  (ii) Large Exposure Risk Require	-	2,200,856	2,061,807	464,961	37,197
(iii) Market Risk	Long Position	Short Position			
Interest Rate Risk	5,605,702	4,959,634		236,772	18,942
Equity Risk	15,345	-		42,200	3,376
Foreign Exchange Risk	1,443	13,585		13,588	1,087
Options Risk	17,018	-		28,888	2,311
	5,639,508	4,973,219		321,448	25,716
(iv) Operational Risk				118,189	9,455
Total RWA and Capital Requ	irements		_	904,598	72,368

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### 4. RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Overview

The Group believes that an integrated risk management framework is key to ensuring the overall financial soundness and stability of the Group's business operations. Key components of our enterprise wide risk management framework include:

- (i) A structured risk governance model, incorporating strong Board and senior management oversight.
- (ii) Sound capital management processes.
- (iii) Comprehensive assessment of material risks.
- (iv) A rigorous system of check and balance reviews.
- (v) Regular monitoring and reporting.
- (vi) Independent reviews by the internal and external auditors.

## Risk governance structure

The Board has overall responsibility for providing leadership, overseeing risk appetite and ensuring that a robust risk and compliance culture prevails. The Board is assisted by the following Board and management committees:

- (i) Board, Audit and Risk Management Committee ("BARMC").
- (ii) Assets and Liabilities Management Committee ("ALMCO").
- (iii) Management Credit and Underwriting Committee ("MCUC").

## The BARMC is responsible for the following:

- (i) Reviewing and recommending risk management strategies, policies and risk tolerance for the Board's approval.
- (ii) Reviewing and assessing adequacy of risk management policies and framework in identifying, measuring, monitoring and controlling risk and the extent to which these are operating effectively.
- (iii) Ensuring infrastructure, resources and systems are in place for risk management i.e. ensuring that the staff responsible for implementing risk management systems perform those duties independently of risk taking activities.
- (iv) Reviewing management's periodic reports on risk exposure, risk portfolio composition and risk management activities.

The Risk Management Department is responsible for assisting the BARMC, ALMCO, MCUC and the Board in ensuring that the risk management activities are carried out as per their directives. Amongst others, Risk Management Department is responsible for setting the risk management framework and developing tools and methodologies for the identification, measurement, monitoring, control and valuation of risks. The Risk Management Department consists of three main units namely Market and Liquidity Risk, Operational Risk and Credit Risk Management.

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### 4. **RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

#### Risk governance structure (continued)

The Group Internal Audit function complements the Risk Management Department in the management of risk by:

- (i) Ensuring that the risk policies prepared by the Risk Management Department are enforced through its regular audit cycle.
- (ii) Performing independent reviews to assess the risk control environment developed by the Risk Management Department.
- (iii) Performing independent reviews to assess the risk grading system and the credit process.
- (iv) Forming independent opinions on risk controls being formulated by the Risk Management Department.

## Eight broad principles of risk management

### (i) Align risk appetite and strategy

Risk appetite is the degree of risk that the Group is willing to accept in pursuit of its goals. Risk appetite is set first in evaluating strategic alternatives, then in setting objectives aligned with the selected strategy and in developing mechanisms to manage the related risks.

### (ii) Link growth, risk and return

Framework provides an enhanced ability to identify and assess risks and establish acceptable levels of risk relative to growth and return objectives.

#### (iii) Enhance risk response decisions

The Group strives to identify and select among alternative risk responses - risk avoidance, reduction, sharing and acceptance based on generally accepted practices and methodologies.

### (iv) Minimise operational surprises and losses

The Group continually enhances its capability to identify potential events, assess risk and establish responses, thereby reducing the occurrence of surprises and related costs or losses.

## (v) Identify and manage cross-risks

Every product faces a myriad of risks. The Group not only manages the individual risks, but also manages interrelated impacts.

### (vi) Provide integrated responses to multiple risks

Business processes carry many inherent risks and the Group continually finds solutions for managing the risks.

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## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### Eight broad principles of risk management (continued)

## (vii) Seize opportunities

The Group considers potential events, using risk management as offensive initiatives rather than just risks (defensive), and by considering a full range of events, the Group gains an understanding of how certain events represent opportunities.

## (viii) Rationalise capital

More robust information on total risk allows the Group to more effectively assess overall capital needs and improve capital allocation.

## Risk management framework

The Group's risk management framework outlines the overall structure, aspirations, values and risk management strategies, and is a structured approach in balancing risks and returns.

Appropriate methodologies and measures have been developed in our risk management approaches to manage uncertainties such that the deviations from the intended strategic objectives are monitored and kept within tolerable levels.

#### Risk management culture

The risk management culture of the Group encompasses the following:

## (i) Developing strategies

Documentation that is approved by the Board which expresses the Group's risk management strategies and appetite.

## (ii) Adopting skills

The capabilities and resources required for implementing the risk management function.

## (iii) Cultivating shared values

The universal risk management culture that the Group expects and promotes throughout the business units.

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## 4. **RISK MANAGEMENT** (continued)

#### Risk management approach

The risk management approach is summarised as follows:

(i) Strategy

Risk management policies are integrated with business and strategies, in line with Board approved risk appetite.

(ii) Policy

Risks are addressed using specific risk policies.

(iii) Tools

Risks are measured and assessed using clearly defined models, methodologies and benchmarking.

(iv) Communication

Risks are adequately communicated across the Group in a timely manner.

(v) Implementation

Risks and returns are identified and managed by respective accountable business, support and operating units.

(vi) Maintenance

Risk management policies are clearly and formally documented, with a review in place to respond to changes in operating environment.

# Risk management process

The risk management approaches are based on four simple processes:

- (i) Identify what, why and how risks can arise:
  - Nature of risk.
  - Circumstances.
  - Causes.
  - Potential contributing factors.

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## BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## Risk management process (continued)

- (ii) Analyse and evaluate risks:
  - Analyse and measure risk exposures using impact and probability analysis.
  - Establish priorities using risk matrix.
  - Compare risk exposures with Group's risk appetite.
- (iii) Measures to control or mitigate the identified risks:
  - Measures to mitigate the identified risks or risk controls.
  - Action plans to either prevent or mitigate the risks.
- (iv) Monitor and review the performance of the risk management process:
  - Review effectiveness of mitigating measures or controls.
  - Tracking of incidences and losses.
  - Review feedback from internal reports and take appropriate action.

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### (A) Credit risk

Credit risk arises as a result of customers or counterparties not being able to or willing to fulfill their financial and contractual obligations as and when they fall due. These obligations arise from lending, trade finance and other activities undertaken by the Group.

The primary objective of the credit risk management framework is to ensure that exposure to credit risk is kept within the Group's financial capacity to withstand potential future losses. Lending activities are guided by internal credit policies and guidelines that are approved by the Board. These policies were reviewed and further enhanced during the year.

Credit portfolio management strategies and significant exposures are reviewed by the Board. These portfolio management strategies are designed to achieve a desired ideal portfolio risk tolerance level and sector distribution. This includes minimum credit rating targets for new credit facilities.

The Group's credit approving process encompasses pre-approval evaluation, approval and post-approval evaluation. While the business units are responsible for credit origination, the credit approving function rests mainly with the MCUC.

Credit risk is also identified as part of the new product sign-off process to ensure that new products prior to marketing are acceptable from a credit risk management perspective.

The Group also believes that authority limits for credit approvals should be directly related to the risk levels of the borrower and the transaction. In this respect, a Delegated Authority Limit structure had been implemented.

#### **Credit Risk Management Process**

#### (i) Identification

• Risk assessment on the potential impact of internal and external factors on transactions and positions.

#### (ii) Assessment/Measurement

• Internal credit rating systems to evaluate customer's credit worthiness.

## (iii) Control/Mitigation

- Credit risk management policies and guidelines on credit rating, collateral and loan recovery.
- Exposure limits based on credit worthiness level for corporate groups, and prudent thresholds by economic sectors.
- Monitoring the benchmark return to consider the risk taken.

## (iv) Monitoring/Review

- Analysis/review on loan exposures, asset quality evaluation, and movement of impaired loans and advances.
- Reporting on exposures against approved credit limits.

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#### 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### (A) Credit risk (continued)

## Credit quality of loans and advances

A loan is defined as "past due" when the counterparty has failed to make a principal or interest payment when contractually due. Late processing and other administrative delays on the side of the borrower can lead to a financial asset being past due but not impaired. Therefore, loans advances and financing less than 90 days past due are not usually considered impaired, unless other information is available to indicate the contrary.

A loan or a group of loans is deems to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

For description of approaches adopted by the Group and the Bank for the determination of individual and collective assessment impairment allowances, refer to Note 2O(a) to the audited financial statements for financial year ended 30 June 2014.

# Gross credit exposure

(i) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by geographical distribution as follows:

Other

The Group and the Bank	Malaysia	countries	Total
•	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2014			
On-Balance Sheet Exposures			
Financial assets held-for-trading *	826,127	33,777	859,904
Financial investments available-for-sale *	604,301	32,039	636,340
Financial investments held-to-maturity	212,793	145,620	358,413
Derivatives financial assets	40,514	437	40,951
Loans and advances	431,414	-	431,414
Clients' and brokers' balances	284,378		284,378
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	2,399,527	211,874	2,611,400
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures			
Credit-related exposures	192,639	-	192,639
Derivative financial instruments	90,567	2,053	92,620
	283,206	2,053	285,259
Total On and Off-Balance Sheet			
Exposures	2,682,733	213,927	2,896,659

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes equity securities

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

# (A) Credit risk (continued)

# **Gross credit exposure (continued)**

(i) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by geographical distribution as follows (continued):

		Other	
The Group and the Bank	Malaysia	countries	Total
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2013			
On-Balance Sheet Exposures			
Financial assets held-for-trading *	607,579	40,050	647,629
Financial investments available-for-sale *	237,626	26,326	263,952
Financial investments held-to-maturity	109,471	144,441	253,912
Derivatives financial assets	39,023	1,918	40,941
Loans and advances	174,184	-	174,184
Clients' and brokers' balances	147,539		147,539
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	1,315,422	212,735	1,528,157
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures			
Credit-related exposures	50,785	-	50,785
Derivative financial instruments	104,992	260	105,252
	155,777	260	156,037
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet</b>			
Exposures	1,471,199	212,995	1,684,194

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes equity securities

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## (A) Credit risk (continued)

Gross credit exposure (continued)

(ii) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by sector as follows:

The Group and the Bank 30 June 2014	Financial assets held- for-trading RM'000	Financial investments available-for- sale RM'000	Financial investments held-to- maturity RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Loans and advances RM'000	Clients' and brokers' balances RM'000	On-balance sheet total RM'000	1	Derivative Financial Instruments RM'000	Total off- balance sheet credit risk exposures RM'000	Total on and off-balance sheet credit risk exposures RM'000
Agriculture	-	24,871	10,035	-	-	-	34,906	-	-	-	34,906
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	-	-	5,055	-	30,005	-	35,060	-	-	-	35,060
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	-	27,480	-	27,480	70,000	-	70,000	97,480
Construction	35,218	15,128	-	-	17,082	-	67,428	37,129	-	37,129	104,557
Wholesale and retail	19,419	29,938	15,261	-	-	-	64,618	-	-	-	64,618
Transport, storage and communications	-	12,394	-	-	-	-	12,394	-	-	-	12,394
Finance, insurance, real estate and business services	779,861	384,098	251,229	40,951	120,515	-	1,576,654	85,499	92,620	178,119	1,754,773
Government and government agencies	-	169,911	76,833	-	-	-	246,744	-	-	-	246,744
Household	-	-	-	-	232,775	-	232,775	-	-	-	232,775
Purchase of securities	-	-	-	-	-	284,378	284,378	-	-	-	284,378
Others	25,406	-	-	-	3,557	-	28,963	11	-	11	28,974
	859,904	636,340	358,413	40,951	431,414	284,378	2,611,400	192,639	92,620	285,259	2,896,659

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## (A) Credit risk (continued)

Gross credit exposure (continued)

(ii) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by sector as follows:

The Group and the Bank 30 June 2013	Financial assets held- for-trading RM'000	Financial investments available-for- sale RM'000	Financial investments held-to- maturity RM'000	Derivative financial assets RM'000	Loans and advances RM'000	Clients' and brokers' balances RM'000	On-balance sheet total RM'000	Credit-related Exposures RM'000	Derivative Financial Instruments RM'000	risk	Total on and off-balance sheet credit risk exposures RM'000
Agriculture	16,227	-	10,039	-	-	-	26,266	-	-	-	26,266
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	30,499	-	10,158	-	661	-	41,318	-	-	-	41,318
Electricity, gas and water	5,788	-	-	-	33,332	-	39,120	-	-	-	39,120
Construction	15,143	-	-	4,862	481	-	20,486	50,750	-	50,750	71,236
Wholesale and retail	45,106	15,414	15,383	-	-	-	75,903	-	-	-	75,903
Transport, storage and											
communications	6,797	19,971	5,065	-	-	-	31,833	-	-	-	31,833
Finance, insurance, real estate							-				
and business services	482,239	148,692	208,158	36,079	41,020	-	916,188	-	105,252	105,252	1,021,440
Government and government											
agencies	20,108	79,875	5,109	-	-	-	105,092	-	-	-	105,092
Household	-	-	-	-	92,839	-	92,839	-	-	-	92,839
Purchase of securities	-	-	-	-	-	147,539	147,539	-	-	-	147,539
Others	25,722	-	-	-	5,851		31,573	35	-	35	31,608
	647,629	263,952	253,912	40,941	174,184	147,539	1,528,157	50,785	105,252	156,037	1,684,194

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## (A) Credit risk (continued)

# Gross credit exposure

(iii) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by residual contractual maturity as follows:

	Up to 1	1 to 5	Over 5 No specific			
The Group and the Bank	Year	Years	Years	maturity	Total	
30 June 2014	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
On-Balance Sheet Exposures						
Financial assets held-for-trading	720,067	49,597	90,240	-	859,904	
Financial investments available-for-sale	240,707	385,497	10,136	-	636,340	
Financial investments held-to-maturity	76,906	281,507	-	-	358,413	
Derivatives financial assets	27,113	13,838	-	-	40,951	
Loans and advances	364,104	67,227	83	-	431,414	
Clients and brokers balances	284,378	-	-	-	284,378	
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	1,713,275	797,666	100,459	-	2,611,400	
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures						
Credit-related Exposures	104,583	4,931	83,125	-	192,639	
Derivative Financial Instruments	33,180	59,440	-	-	92,620	
<b>Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	137,763	64,371	83,125	-	285,259	
<b>Total On and Off-Balance Sheet</b>						
Exposures	1,851,038	862,037	183,584	-	2,896,659	

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## (A) Credit risk (continued)

# Gross credit exposure

(iii) The table below sets out the breakdown of gross credit exposures by residual contractual maturity as follows:

	Up to 1	1 to 5	Over 5		
The Group and the Bank	Year	Years	Years	maturity	Total
30 June 2013	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
On-Balance Sheet Exposures					
Financial assets held-for-trading	369,841	120,087	157,701	-	647,629
Financial investments available-for-sale	10,174	173,904	79,874	-	263,952
Financial investments held-to-maturity	15,225	238,687	-	-	253,912
Derivatives financial assets	22,865	18,076	-	-	40,941
Loans and advances	171,979	145	2,060	-	174,184
Clients and brokers balances	147,539	-	-	-	147,539
<b>Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	737,623	550,899	239,635	-	1,528,157
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures					
Credit-related Exposures	50,750	-	35	-	50,785
Derivative Financial Instruments	47,999	57,253	-	-	105,252
<b>Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures</b>	98,749	57,253	35	-	156,037
Total On and Off-Balance Sheet					
Exposures	836,372	608,152	239,670	-	1,684,194

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

# (A) Credit risk (continued)

#### Loans and advances

(i) The table below sets out the breakdown by sector the amount of past due loans and advances, impaired loans and advances, individual assessment allowance, collective assessment allowance, charges for individual assessment allowance during the financial year and write-offs during the financial year as follows:

The Group and the Bank 30 June 2014	Past due loans and advances RM'000	Impaired Loans and advances RM'000	Individual assessment allowance RM'000	Collective assessment allowance RM'000	Write-back of individual assessment allowance during the year RM'000	Write offs during the year RM'000
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	(24)	-	-
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	-	-	-	(82)	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	(63)	-	-
Finance, insurance, real estate and						
business services	-	-	-	(398)	-	-
Household	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of securities	-	-	-	(630)	-	-
Transport, storage and communications	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wholesale and retail	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others		853	(194)	(110)	-	
Total	-	853	(194)	(1,307)	-	-

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### (A) Credit risk (continued)

#### Loans and advances

(i) The table below sets out the breakdown by sector the amount of past due loans and advances, impaired loans and advances, individual assessment allowance, collective assessment allowance, charges for individual assessment allowance during the financial year and write-offs during the financial year as follows (continued):

The Group and the Bank 30 June 2013	Past due loans and advances RM'000	Impaired Loans and advances RM'000	Individual assessment allowance RM'000	Collective assessment allowance RM'000	Write-back of individual assessment allowance during the year RM'000	Write offs during the year RM'000
Agriculture	-	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity, gas and water	-	-	-	(200)	-	-
Mining and quarrying	-	-	-	-	-	-
Manufacturing	-	-	-	(1)	-	-
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance, insurance, real estate and						
business services	-	-	=	-	-	-
Household	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchase of securities	-	-	-	(473)	-	-
Transport, storage and communications	-	-	=	-	-	-
Wholesale and retail	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	1,123	(252)	(64)	-	
Total	_	1,123	(252)	(738)	-	-

Note: Refer to Note 9 to the financial statement for financial year ended 30 June 2013 for "movement in individual assessment allowance and collective assessment allowance" during the year for the Group and the Bank.

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## BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(A) Credit risk (continued)

# Loans and advances (continued)

(ii) The table below sets out the breakdown by geographical areas the amount of past due loans and advances, impaired loans and advances, individual assessment allowance and collective assessment allowance as follows:

The Group and the Bank 30 Jun 2014	Past due loans and advances RM'000	Impaired Loans and advances RM'000	Individual assessment allowance RM'000	Collective assessment allowance RM'000	
Malaysia	-	853	(194)	(1,307)	
The Group and the Bank 30 Jun 2013	Past due loans and advances RM'000	Impaired Loans and advances RM'000	Individual assessment allowance RM'000	Collective assessment allowance RM'000	
Malaysia		1,123	(252)	(738)	

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## (A) Credit risk (continued)

## Credit risk exposure by risk weight

Risk Weights	Sovereigns/ Central Banks RM'000	Public Sector Entities RM'000	Banks, DFIs and MDBs RM'000	Insurance Companies, Securities Firms & Fund Managers RM'000	Corporates RM'000	Residential Mortgages RM'000	Other Assets RM'000	Equity Exposures RM'000	Total xposures after Netting & Credit Risk Mitigation RM'000	Total Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000
The Group										
30 June 2014										
0%	628,630	-	-	-	-	-	283,219	-	911,849	-
20%	-	7	1,051,234	-	308,533	-	2,730	-	1,362,505	272,501
50%	-	-	269,363	-	96,441	-	-	-	365,804	182,902
100%	-	-	-	-	389,423	1,269	49,889	245	440,826	440,826
150%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	628,630	7	1,320,597	-	794,397	1,269	335,838	245	3,080,984	896,229
Risk-Weighted Assets by Exposures		1	344,928	-	499,351	1,269	50,435	245	896,229	
Average Risk Weights	0.0%	14.3%	26.1%	0.0%	62.9%	100.0%	15.0%	100.0%	29.1%	
Deduction from Capital Base	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

# (A) Credit risk (continued)

## Credit risk exposure by risk weight (continued)

Risk Weights	Sovereigns/ Central Banks RM'000	Public Sector Entities RM'000	Banks, DFIs and MDBs RM'000	Insurance Companies, Securities Firms & Fund Managers RM'000	Corporates RM'000	Residential Mortgages RM'000	Other Assets RM'000	Equity Exposures RM'000	Total exposures after Netting & Credit Risk Mitigation RM'000	Total Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000
The Group										
30 June 2013										
0%	635,090	-	-	-	-	-	145,757	-	780,847	-
20%	-	5	746,174	-	124,908	-	1,790	-	872,877	174,575
50%	-	-	165,564	-	72,779	-	-	-	238,343	119,172
100%	-	-	-	-	148,967	2,331	19,595	686	171,579	171,579
150%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	635,090	5	911,738		346,654	2,331	167,142	686	2,063,646	465,326
Risk-Weighted Assets by Exposures		1	232,016	-	210,339	2,331	19,953	686	465,326	
Average Risk Weights	0.0%	20.0%	25.4%	0.0%	60.7%	100.0%	11.9%	100.0%	22.5%	
Deduction from Capital Base	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

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## BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

# (A) Credit risk (continued)

## Credit risk exposure by risk weight

				Insurance Companies,				E	Total xposures after	
	Sovereigns/	Public		Securities					Netting &	Total Risk-
	Central	Sector	Banks, DFIs	Firms & Fund		Residential	Other	Equity	Credit Risk	Weighted
Risk Weights	Banks	<b>Entities</b>	and MDBs	Managers	Corporates	Mortgages	Assets	Exposures	Mitigation	Assets
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
The Bank										
30 June 2014										
0%	628,630	-	-	-	-	-	283,219	-	911,849	-
20%	-	-	1,050,533	-	308,533	-	2,730	-	1,361,796	272,359
50%	-	-	269,363	-	96,441	-	-	-	365,804	182,902
100%	-	-	-	-	389,423	1,269	49,889	245	440,826	440,826
150%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	628,630	-	1,319,896	-	794,397	1,269	335,838	245	3,080,275	896,087
Risk-Weighted Assets by Exposures		-	344,787	-	499,351	1,269	50,435	245	896,087	
Average Risk Weights	0.0%	0.0%	26.1%	0.0%	62.9%	100.0%	15.0%	100.0%	29.1%	
Deduction from Capital Base		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

# (A) Credit risk (continued)

## Credit risk exposure by risk weight

Risk Weights	Sovereigns/ Central Banks RM'000	Public Sector Entities RM'000	Banks, DFIs and MDBs RM'000	Insurance Companies, Securities Firms & Fund Managers RM'000	Corporates RM'000	Residential Mortgages RM'000	Other Assets RM'000	Equity Exposures RM'000	Total xposures after Netting & Credit Risk Mitigation RM'000	Total Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000
The Bank										
30 June 2013										
0%	635,090	-	-	-	-	-	145,757	-	780,847	-
20%	-	-	744,337	-	124,908	-	1,790	-	871,035	174,207
50%	-	-	165,564	-	72,779	-	-	-	238,343	119,172
100%	-	-	-	-	148,967	2,331	19,598	686	171,582	171,582
150%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	635,090	-	909,901	-	346,654	2,331	167,145	686	2,061,807	464,961
Risk-Weighted Assets by Exposures		-	231,649	-	210,339	2,331	19,956	686	464,961	
Average Risk Weights	0.0%	0.0%	25.5%	0.0%	60.7%	100.0%	11.9%	100.0%	22.6%	
Deduction from Capital Base	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### (A) Credit risk (continued)

## Rated exposures according to ratings by External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs")

Under Basel II, credit risk for the Group is computed using the Standardised Approach.

External credit assessments (or external ratings) on the customer (the issuer) or specific securities issued by the issuer (the issue) form as a basis for the determination of risk weights under the Standardised Approach for exposures to sovereigns, central banks, public sector entities, banking institutions, corporates as well as certain other specific portfolios.

The approved External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAI") ratings and the prescribed risk weights on the above stated asset classes are used in the computation of regulatory capital. An exposure would be deemed to have an external rating if the issuer or the issue has a rating provided by an ECAI. In cases where an exposure does not have an issuer or issue rating, the exposure shall be deemed unrated and shall be accorded a risk weight appropriate for unrated exposures in their respective exposure category.

The ECAI used by the Group are Fitch Ratings ("Fitch"), Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's"), Standard & Poor's ("S&P"), Malaysia Rating Corporation Berhad ("MARC") and Rating Agency Malaysia ("RAM"). ECAI ratings are mapped to a common credit quality grade as prescribed by BNM.

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## BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## (A) Credit risk (continued)

# Rated exposures according to ratings by External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs")

The following tables summarise the rated exposures according to ratings ECAIs as follows:

(i)	Ratings	of Corpo	rate by Appro	oved ECAIs
-----	---------	----------	---------------	------------

	Moodys	Aaa to Aa3	A1 to A3	Baa1 to Ba3	B1 to C	Unrated
	S&P	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BB-	B+ to D	Unrated
	Fitch	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BB-	B+ to D	Unrated
	RAM	AAA to AA3	A1 to A3	BBB1 to BB3	B to D	Unrated
	MARC	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BB-	B+ to D	Unrated
	Rating &					
The Group and the Bank	<b>Investment Inc</b>	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BB-	B+ to D	Unrated
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2014						
On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures						
Public Sector Entities		-	-	-	-	7
Insurance Cos, Securities Firms & Fund Managers		-	-	-	-	-
Corporates		287,910	96,438	71,532	124	338,393
-	-	287,910	96,438	71,532	124	338,400
30 June 2013						
On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures						
Public Sector Entities		_	_	_	_	5
Insurance Cos, Securities Firms & Fund Managers		-	_	_	_	-
Corporates		124,908	72,494	62,419	-	223,392
1	<del>-</del>	124,908	72,494	62,419	-	223,397

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## BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## (A) Credit risk (continued)

## Rated exposures according to ratings by External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs") (continued)

(ii) Short term Ratings of Banking Institutions and Corporate by Approved ECAIs

	Moodys	P-1	P-2	P-3	Others	Unrated
	S&P	A-1	A-2	A-3	Others	Unrated
	Fitch	F1+, F1	F2	<b>F3</b>	B to D	Unrated
	RAM	P-1	P-2	P-3	NP	Unrated
	MARC	MARC-1	MARC-2	MARC-3	MARC-4	Unrated
	Rating &					
The Group and the Bank	<b>Investment Inc</b>	a-1+, a-1	a-2	a-3	b, c	Unrated
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2014						
On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures						
Banks, MDBs and FDIs		1,007,606	-	-	-	
30 June 2013						
On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures						
Banks, MDBs and FDIs		663,098	-	-	-	

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## BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(A) Credit risk (continued)

Rated exposures according to ratings by External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs") (continued)

(iii) Ratings of Sovereigns and Central Banks by Approved ECAIs

	Moodys S&P Fitch	Aaa to Aa3 AAA to AA- AAA to AA-	A1 to A3 A+ to A- A+ to A-	Baa1 to Baa3 BBB+ to BBB- BBB+ to BBB-	Ba1 to B3 BB+ to B- BB+ to B-	Caa1 to C CCC+ to D CCC+ to D	Unrated Unrated Unrated
	Rating &	AAA W AA-	A+ 10 A-	DDD+ 10 DDD-	DD+ tO D-	CCC+ 10 D	Omateu
The Group and the Bank	Investment Inc	AAA to AA- RM'000	A+ to A- RM'000	BBB+ to BBB- RM'000	BB+ to B- RM'000	CCC+ to C RM'000	Unrated RM'000
30 June 2014 On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures Sovereigns and Central Banks	_	-	-	-	-	-	628,630
30 June 2013 On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures Sovereigns and Central Banks		-	-	-	-	-	635,090

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## BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## (A) Credit risk (continued)

Rated exposures according to ratings by External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs") (continued)

(iv) Ratings of Banking Institutions by Approved ECAIs

	Moodys	Aaa to Aa3	A1 to A3	Baa1 to Baa3	Ba1 to B3	Caa1 to C	Unrated
	S&P	AAA to AA-	<b>A+ to A-</b>	BBB+ to BBB-	BB+ to B-	CCC+ to D	Unrated
	Fitch	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	BB+ to B-	CCC+ to D	Unrated
	RAM	AAA to AA3	A1 to A3	BBB+ to BBB3	BB1 to B3	C1 to D	Unrated
	MARC	AAA to AA-	A+ to A-	BBB+ to BBB-	BB+ to B-	C+ to D	Unrated
	Rating &						
The Group and the Bank	<b>Investment Inc</b>	AAA to AA-	<b>A+ to A-</b>	BBB+ to BBB-	BB+ to B-	CCC+ to C	Unrated
		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2014 On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures							
Banks, MDBs and FDIs		162,100	51,540	99,351	-	-	-
30 June 2013 On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures							
Banks, MDBs and FDIs		91,914	38,051	118,675	-	-	2,490

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### (A) Credit risk (continued)

## Credit Risk Mitigation ("CRM")

The Group's and the Bank's credit principle is principally granting credit facilities on the basis of the borrower's credit standing, repayment and debt servicing ability. Where possible, collateral is taken to mitigate and reduce any credit risk for the particular credit facility extended. The value of the collateral is monitored periodically and where applicable, a revised valuation may be requested from the borrower. The main types of collateral accepted are cash, marketable securities and securities from listed exchange. There are policies and processes in place to monitor collateral concentration. For credit risk mitigation ("CRM") purposes, only collateral or guarantees that are legally enforceable are taken into account. The credit exposures are computed on a net basis only when there is a legally enforceable netting arrangements for loans and deposits. The Group and the Bank use the Comprehensive Approach for computation of the adjusted exposures.

The following tables resent the credit exposures covered by eligible financial collateral and financial guarantees as defined under the Standardised Approach for the Group. Eligible financial collateral consists primarily of securities from listed exchange. The Group does not have any credit exposure which is reduced through the application of other eligible collateral.

	30 June	2014	<b>30 June 2013</b>		
The Group	Exposures before CRM RM'000	Exposures covered by eligible financial collateral RM'000	Exposures before CRM RM'000	Exposures covered by eligible financial collateral RM'000	
On-Balance Sheet Exposures					
Sovereigns/Central Banks	628,630	-	635,090	-	
Public Sector Entities	7	-	5	-	
Banks, DFIs and MDBs	1,233,617	-	808,976	-	
Insurance Companies, Securities Firms &					
Fund Managers	-	-	-	-	
Corporates	887,514	291,384	432,463	139,049	
Residential Mortgages	1,258	-	2,296	-	
Other Assets	335,838	-	167,142	-	
Equity Exposures	245	-	686		
Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures	3,087,109	291,384	2,046,658	139,049	
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures					
Credit-related Exposures	192,639	-	50,785	-	
Derivative Financial Instruments	92,620	-	105,252	-	
Other Treasury-related Exposures	-		-		
Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	285,259	-	156,037	-	
Total On and Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	3,372,368	291,384	2,202,695	139,049	

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## (A) Credit risk (continued)

## Credit Risk Mitigation (continued)

The following tables resent the credit exposures covered by eligible financial collateral and financial guarantees as defined under the Standardised Approach for the Group. Eligible financial collateral consists primarily of securities from listed exchange. The Group does not have any credit exposure which is reduced through the application of other eligible collateral.

	30 June	2014	<b>30 June 2013</b>		
	Exposures	Exposures covered by eligible financial	Exposures	Exposures covered by eligible financial	
The Bank	before CRM		before CRM	collateral	
The Dum	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
On-Balance Sheet Exposures					
Sovereigns/Central Banks	628,630	-	635,090	-	
Public Sector Entities	-	-	-	-	
Banks, DFIs and MDBs	1,232,915	-	807,139	-	
Insurance Companies, Securities Firms &					
Fund Managers	-	-	-	-	
Corporates	887,514	291,384	432,463	139,049	
Residential Mortgages	1,258	-	2,296	-	
Other Assets	335,838	-	167,145	-	
Equity Exposures	245	-	686	_	
Total On-Balance Sheet Exposures	3,086,400	291,384	2,044,819	139,049	
Off-Balance Sheet Exposures					
Credit-related Exposures	192,639	-	50,785	_	
Derivative Financial Instruments	92,620	-	105,252	-	
Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	285,259	-	156,037	-	
Total On and Off-Balance Sheet					
Exposures	3,371,659	291,384	2,200,856	139,049	

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### (A) Credit risk (continued)

#### Off-Balance Sheet exposures and counterparty credit risk

Credit limits are established to ensure that the Group and the Bank are not duly exposed to unnecessary credit risk with parties who are unable to meet or honour their financial obligations with the Group and the Bank.

The counterparty limits for the Group and the Bank are established by taking into consideration the tenor of the obligation, rating assignment of the counterparty, counterparty's shareholder's funds, the Group's and the Bank's shareholder's funds.

The credit exposure limit for derivative transactions is calculated based on the standardised approach by applying a specific percentage of risk factor i.e. the potential loss of the contract value to the counterparty limit for the Group and the Bank, which in general is a fraction of the derivative contract or notional amount used to express the volume of instruments.

#### Nature of commitments and contingencies

Obligations under underwriting agreements arise from underwriting agreements relating to the issuance of equity and debts securities, where the Group and the Bank are obliged to subscribe for or purchase the securities in the event the securities are not taken up when issued.

Irrevocable commitments to extend credit include all obligations on the part of the Group and the Bank to provide funding facilities or the undrawn portion of an approved credit facilities to customers.

Forward foreign exchange contracts are agreements to buy or sell fixed amounts of currency at agreed rates of exchange on a specified future date.

Interest rate swaps involve the exchange of interest obligations with a counterparty for a specified period without the exchange of the underlying principal.

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

# (A) Credit risk (continued)

# Off-Balance Sheet exposures and counterparty credit risk (continued)

The off-balance sheet exposures and their related counterparty credit risk of the Group and the Bank are as follows:

The Group and the Bank 30 June 2014	Principal Amount RM'000	Positive Fair Value of Derivative Contracts RM'000	Credit Equivalent Amount RM'000	Risk- Weighted Assets RM'000
<b>Derivative financial instruments</b>				
Interest rate related contracts:				
- One year or less	724,036	466	2,353	471
- Over one year to five years	2,246,000	9,987	59,441	15,704
- Over five years	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange related contracts				
- One year or less	1,537,568	9,238	30,827	6,861
Equity related contracts:				
- One year or less	1,429	17,410	17,495	17,495
- Over one year to five years	11,500	3,850	4,931	4,931
	4,520,533	40,951	115,047	45,462
Commitments				
Direct Credit Substitutes	20,625	-	20,625	4,126
Obligations under underwriting agreement	299,154	-	149,576	149,576
Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines				
- maturity less than one year	23	-	11	11
- maturity more than one year	-	-	-	-
Any commitment that are unconditionally cancelled at any time by the Bank without prior notice				
- maturity less than one year	627,233	-	-	-
Others				
- monies held in trust for stockbroking clients	648,976	-	-	-
_	1,596,011	-	170,212	153,713
Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	6,116,544	40,951	285,259	199,175

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# BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

# (A) Credit risk (continued)

# Off-Balance Sheet exposures and counterparty credit risk (continued)

The off-balance sheet exposures and their related counterparty credit risk of the Group and the Bank are as follows (continued):

	Principal Principal	Positive Fair Value of Derivative	Credit Equivalent	Risk- Weighted
The Group and the Bank	Amount RM'000	Contracts RM'000	Amount RM'000	Assets RM'000
30 June 2013				
<b>Derivative financial instruments</b>				
Interest rate related contracts:				
- One year or less	716,412	1,939	683	137
- Over one year to five years	2,161,706	7,136	57,253	13,215
- Over five years	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange related contracts				
- One year or less	2,096,122	14,847	47,316	12,335
Equity related contracts:				
- One year or less	1,429	6,052	-	-
- Over one year to five years	11,429	10,966	-	
	4,987,098	40,940	105,252	25,687
Commitments				_
Direct Credit Substitutes	50,750	-	50,750	50,750
Obligations under underwriting agreement	-	-	-	-
Other commitments, such as formal standby facilities and credit lines				
- maturity less than one year	-	-	-	-
- maturity more than one year	69	-	35	35
Any commitment that are unconditionally cancelled at any time by the Bank without prior notice				
- maturity less than one year	507,022	-	-	-
Others				
- monies held in trust for stockbroking clients	636,606	-	-	-
	1,194,447	-	50,785	50,785
Total Off-Balance Sheet Exposures	6,181,545	40,940	156,037	76,472

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### (B) Market risk

Market risk is defined as the risk of potential losses in earnings arising from changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates, credit spreads, equity prices and commodity prices. This change can affect the value of financial instruments and may also affect proprietary trading revenues.

The main objectives of Market Risk Management is to ensure that losses from market risk can be promptly addressed without incurring a potential loss that is beyond the Group's and the Bank risk appetite.

#### Management of market risk

The ALMCO is the management level committee which supports the BARMC in the oversight of market and liquidity risk. The ALMCO is chaired by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and includes senior representatives from both business and support units. It is primarily responsible for the development, implementation and review of frameworks, broad strategies and policies for managing the Group's and the Bank's balance sheet, funding management, market risk and liquidity risk.

The Risk Management Department is responsible for the development, implementation and maintenance of consistent policies and methodologies to identify, measure, monitor, control and report market risk and liquidity risk.

Market risk is inherent in the ordinary course of the Group's and the Bank's business and is prevalent especially in treasury activities of the Group and the Bank. The Group and the Bank broadly classify their financial instruments as Held-for-Trading ("HFT"), Available-for-Sale ("AFS") and Held-to-Maturity ("HTM") securities. The major differences between the classifications are the accounting treatment and intention of acquiring the financial instruments.

#### **Market Risk Management Process**

#### (i) Identification

- Identify market risks within existing and new products.
- Review market-related information e.g. market trends, economic data.

#### (ii) Assessment/Measurement

- · Sensitivity.
- · Value-at-Risk.
- Stress test.

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## BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

# (B) Market risk (continued)

## Market Risk Management Process (continued)

# (iii) Control/Mitigation

- Establish market risk limits.
- Limits are set with reference to business profitability, budgets and aligned with the risk appetite approved by the Board.

# (iv) Monitoring/Review

- Monitoring of limits.
- Periodical review and reporting.

# **Regulatory Capital Requirements**

The following tables present the minimum regulatory capital requirement on market risk.

				Minimum
			Risk-	Capital
	Long	Short	Weighted	Requirement
The Group and the Bank	Position	Position	Assets	at 8%
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
30 June 2014				
Interest Rate Risk	5,337,113	4,462,345	262,369	20,989
Equity Risk	8,360	-	16,725	1,338
Foreign Currency Risk	16,430	16,276	16,000	1,280
Option Risk	195,414	-	276,475	22,118
	5,557,317	4,478,621	571,570	45,725
30 June 2013				
Interest Rate Risk	5,605,702	4,959,634	236,772	18,942
Equity Risk	15,345	-	42,200	3,376
Foreign Currency Risk	1,443	13,585	13,588	1,087
Option Risk	17,018	-	28,888	2,311
	5,639,508	4,973,219	321,447	25,716
		•		

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## BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

## 4. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## (C) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. This definition includes legal risk, but excludes strategic and reputational risks.

An Operational Risk Management Framework, approved by the HLIBB's Board, has been implemented across the Group to all business and support units. The Framework consists of operational risk's tools including loss event data reporting, control self-assessment and key risk indicators, to assist these units to identify, assess, monitor and control their operational risks. The information is channeled to the Risk Management Department to facilitate risk analysis, monitoring and reporting.

Related policies and procedures are in place to provide guidance to risk taking units in the areas of developing new products and services and outsourcing of operational functions.

A Business Continuity Framework has been developed to ensure business sustainability in event of business disruptions.

The Risk Management Department oversees the Group's operational risk management infrastructure, including the Framework, policies, processes, information, methodologies and systems. The Risk Management Department performs regular reviews of the operational risk profiles of the Group, and recommends related operational risk policies to be endorsed and approved at management and Board level.

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

# 5. EQUITY EXPOSURES IN BANKING BOOK

The Group's and the Bank's banking book's equity investments consist of equity holdings in organisations which are set up for specific socio-economic reasons (i.e. equity interest in Cagamas, MEPS, RAM, IBBM and CGC) and equity holdings and equity instruments received as a result of loan/financing restructuring or loan/financing conversion.

The Group's and the Bank's banking book's equity investments are classified and measured in accordance with FRS 139 and are categorised as financial investments available-for-sale. Refer to Note 2D to the audited financial statements for financial year ended 30 June 2014 for the accounting policies of the Group and the Bank.

The following table summarises the Group and the Bank's equity exposures in the banking book.

	<b>30 June 2014</b>		<b>30 June 2013</b>		
	Exposures				
	subject to		<b>Exposures</b>		
	risk-	Risk	subject to risk-	Risk	
The Group and the Bank	weighting	weights	weighting	weights	
	RM'000	%	RM'000	%	
Financial investments available-for-sale					
Unquoted equity securities	245	100	686	100	

## Gain and Loss on Equity Exposures in Banking Book

The tables below present the gains and losses on equity exposure in the banking book.

	30 June 2014 RM'000	30 June 2013 RM'000
Realised gains/losses recognised in the income statements		
Unrealised gain recognised in revaluation reserve - Unquoted equity securities		-

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#### BASEL II PILLAR 3 DISCLOSURES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014

#### 6. INTEREST RATE RISK/RATE OF RETURN RISK IN BANKING BOOK

To evaluate the potential impact of interest/profit rate risk in the Banking Book, the Group and the Bank consider the effect on their underlying economic value.

The economic perspective provides a measurement of the underlying value of the Group's and the Bank's current position and seeks to evaluate the sensitivity of that value to changes in interest/profit rates. This perspective will allow the Group and the Bank to evaluate the changes in economic value of assets, liabilities, and off-balance sheet instruments against the movement in interest/profit rate. The economic values of these instruments are equivalent to the instruments' present value of future cash flows.

By analyzing the impact of interest/profit rate changes on the value of all future cash flows, the economic perspective can provide a more comprehensive measurement of interest/profit rate risk. The future cash flow projections used to estimate the economic exposure provides a pro forma estimate of the future income generated by its current position. In general, the measurement of present value of the instrument will be able to give an overview of the Group's and the Bank's economic value of equity ("EVE") over a longer time period.

The increase or decline in economic value for upward and downward rate shocks which are consistent with shocks applied in the Group's and the Bank's stress test for measuring IRR/RORR in the banking book are as follows:

The following tables present the projected Group's sensitivity to a 100 basis point parallel shock to interest rates across all maturities applied on the Group's interest sensitivity gap as at reporting date.

	Impact on Position as at 30 June 2014		Impact on Position as at 30 June 2013		
	- 100 bps	+ 100 bps	- 100 bps	+ 100 bps	
	Increase/(De	Increase/(Decrease) in Economic Value		Increase/(Decrease) in Economic Value	
Type of currency	Economic				
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Ringgit Malaysia	17,880	(17,880)	6,662	(6,662)	
US Dollar	3,834	(3,834)	5,799	(5,799)	
	21,714	(21,714)	12,460	(12,460)	